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Democratic presidential candidate Joe Biden and President Donald Trump are seen in this composite photo. The two held simultaneous town halls Oct. 15, 2020, instead of meeting face-to-face for their second debate. (CNS composite; photos by Kevin Lamarque and Tom Brenner of Reuters)

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A new presidential poll issued Oct. 15 by the Pew Research Center shows Catholic former Vice President Joe Biden, the Democratic nominee, ahead by 10 percentage points, 52%-42%, over the Republican incumbent, President Donald Trump.

But Pew, unlike other pollsters, breaks down voter preferences by religious affiliation.

A Pew poll taken in July and August showed a huge Trump lead of 19 points, 59%-40%, among white Catholics. The new poll, taken Sept. 30-Oct. 5 — which includes the Oct. 2 revelation that Trump had contracted COVID-19 — showed that in that two-month period, Trump's advantage had withered to just eight points, 51%-43%.

Meanwhile, Biden maintains strong support among Hispanic Catholics, who account for 37% of Pew's Catholic respondents. Biden's numbers more than doubled Trump's, 67%-26%. This figure is up from 65% who said they would vote for or were leaning toward Biden in the July-August poll. For all Catholics, Trump leads 51%-44%.

Trump continues to draw majority support among Protestants, but those numbers slumped from the summer, according to Pew. One possible reason for Trump's slippage may be that the new poll included the nominees of the Green and Libertarian parties, who jointly accounted for 5%, said Elizabeth Podrebarac Sciupac, a Pew senior researcher.

Religious groups favoring Biden are Black Protestants, 90%-9%, Jews, 70%-27%; atheists and agnostics, 83%-11%; and those who call themselves "nothing in particular," 62%-31%.

Greg Smith, Pew associate director of research, said religious and political identity are coalescing. The Republican Party is increasingly made up of white Christians.

Members of the Democratic Party, he said, are of "racial and ethnic minority backgrounds (who) tend to be deeply religious on average, combined with a large and growing group of mostly white people who by and large are not particularly religious. It's an interesting dynamic in play."

Trump's job approval rating among all U.S. adults has slipped from 44% in February 2017, a month after he took office, to 38% in the Oct. 15 poll. Among white Catholics, it has dipped from 58% to 54%. The chief executive took a pronounced drop in job approval among all religious groups from the last time Pew asked the question in a June 16-22 survey.

In the 2016 election, white Catholics and Protestants threw their support to Trump, while Hispanic Catholics cast their ballots for his Democratic rival, former secretary of state Hillary Clinton, said Sciupac, which is "consistent with trends from other presidential elections."

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The trends, Sciupac added, are "not just about candidate preference. These groups also have distinct views about how religions should, or should not, play a part in public life." Majorities of all religious groups in the Pew survey said they are against religious leaders and organizations getting involved in political matters and making candidate endorsements. The Catholic majority on political involvement was 62%, and it was 76% on endorsements.

Since 1994, the percentage of white Catholics trending Republican has gone from 45% to 57% while those identifying as Democrats slid from 45% to 38%, according to Smith.

Hispanic Catholics' identification as Democrats has ticked upward from 66% in 2002, when Pew first started tracking it, to 68% currently. GOP identification has stayed steady at 27%.

Having a Catholic on the ticket — or even at the top of the ticket — is no guarantee that Catholics will vote for that candidate. Smith said that in 2004, "Catholic voters broke narrowly for (incumbent Republican president) George Bush over John Kerry," the Catholic Democratic senator from Massachusetts.

"Joe Biden's Catholicism is no guarantee that he will get a majority" of Catholic voters, Smith said, adding that may ultimately prove to be the case come Nov. 3, Election Day.

In January, before the first primaries, Pew did some preliminary polling about the Democratic aspirants. "Joe Biden was the favorite of many Christian groups. He didn't have a majority, but he was the leading" candidate, Smith said. "Bernie Sanders, along with Elizabeth Warren, were the favorite candidates of Democratic voters who say they are not religious."

Pew's poll interviewed 10,543 U.S. registered voters nationwide. Its margin of error is plus or minus 1.5 percentage points. It mirrors other recent national surveys that show Biden maintaining, and even expanding, his lead over Trump.

Pew identified nine states as "battleground" states where the vote could go either way. The website [fivethirtyeight.com](http://fivethirtyeight.com) collects polls of voters in all states, including those battleground states. The surveys run the gamut — adults, voters, registered voters and likely voters. Fivethirtyeight also graded each poll on its reliability, from A-plus to D-minus. Those added to fivethirtyeight's collection Oct. 13-14, listed alphabetically by state, are:

- Arizona (11 electoral votes): three polls, all with Biden leading by three to six percentage points.
- Florida (29): One poll with Trump ahead by two points, and six with Biden ahead by two to five points.
- Georgia (16): Three polls with Trump ahead by one to four points, and three with Biden ahead by two to four points.
- Iowa (6): Two polls with Trump ahead by two and six points, and a third poll with the candidates running even.
- Michigan (16): Six polls, all with Biden ahead from five to nine points.
- North Carolina (15): Eight polls, all with Biden ahead from one to eight points.
- Ohio (18): Three polls showing Trump ahead with leads of two, three and four points, and one with Biden ahead by one point.

— Pennsylvania (20): Five polls, all with the Pennsylvania-born Biden up by two to eight points.

— Wisconsin (10): Four polls, all showing Biden ahead by seven to 10 points.

This story appears in the **Election 2020** feature series. [View the full series.](#)