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Then-Cardinal Theodore E. McCarrick attends a Mass in Rome in this April 13, 2018, file photo. (CNS photo/Paul Haring)



by Catholic News Service

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Boston — July 29, 2021

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The Boston Globe reported July 29 that police in the Boston suburb of Wellesley have charged former Cardinal Theodore McCarrick with three counts of indecent assault and battery on a person over age 14 in a criminal complaint filed by Wellesley Police in a district court in nearby Dedham, Massachusetts.

A summons has been issued ordering McCarrick, now 91, to appear at the court for arraignment Aug. 26.

The Globe reported that McCarrick is now living in Missouri. The address listed for McCarrick in the court filings is the Vianney Renewal Center in Dittmer, Missouri, located in Jefferson County, a suburban county of St. Louis on the eastern side of the state.

The Vianney Renewal Center is a treatment center for Catholic clergy with sexual or other disorders.

According to its website, it's a ministry coordinated by the Servants of the Paraclete, which collaborates with sponsoring diocesan and religious communities "to provide a safe and supportive environment for the rehabilitation and reconciliation of priests and religious brothers."

Last year, the Jefferson County Leader, a weekly newspaper, reported the Dallas police arrested a former priest at the center on charges of aggravated sexual assault of a child in North Texas that took place in 1989. The former priest had been laicized in 2002.

The crimes for which McCarrick is charged allegedly took place in 1974, when he was a New York archdiocesan priest and secretary to Cardinal Terence Cooke of New York.

According to the Globe, the man told investigators that McCarrick was a family friend who began molesting him when he was a boy.

According to a report by Wellesley Police Detective Christopher Connelly that was filed in court with the complaint, he said McCarrick often went on trips with the then-teenager's family and had sexually abused him in New Jersey, New York, California and Massachusetts.

On June 8, 1974, the alleged victim, then 16, said he was at his brother's wedding reception at Wellesley College when McCarrick told him his father wanted the two of

them to "have a talk" because the teenager was being mischievous at home and not attending church, according to the report. He said McCarrick groped his genitals when they were walking around the campus, and continued his assault after the walk was over.

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The man, whose name was not released, is represented by Mitchell Garabedian, long known as an attorney for those who have made abuse accusations against Catholic clergy. Garabedian was portrayed by Stanley Tucci in the Academy Award-winning film "Spotlight," which chronicled the Globe's investigation into clergy sexual abuse in the Archdiocese of Boston 20 and more years ago.

Because McCarrick was not a Massachusetts resident and "the statute of limitations stopped running when he left the state," the Globe said, "he can be charged with alleged assault dating to the 1970s."

McCarrick's attorney, Barry Coburn of Washington, told the Globe, "We will look forward to addressing this issue in the courtroom."

In 2018, the prelate resigned from the College of Cardinals after The New York Times published a series of stories detailing abuse episodes by the then-priest and bishop during assignments in New York and New Jersey, principally in the 1970s and 1980s.

A year later, Pope Francis laicized him after he was found guilty in a canonical process.

Last year, the Vatican released its own report detailing the McCarrick case. The report said the now-disgraced former prelate was able to rise up the Catholic hierarchical structure based on personal contacts, protestations of his innocence and a failure of church officials to report and investigate accusations made against him.

The report said Pope John Paul II "personally made the decision" to name McCarrick archbishop of Washington in 2000 and make him a cardinal.

Many commentators dispute critics who say the pope and his associates knew about McCarrick's misdeeds and proceeded with his promotion anyway, because McCarrick

was a "master at gaining the trust of others, including John Paul II, and then betraying that trust."

Prior to the Dittmer facility, McCarrick had lived at a Kansas friary at the Washington Archdiocese's request. He left there of his own accord after he was laicized.